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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/021,524	12/12/2001	Akio Ito	12324799	8531
27123 75	90 01/03/2006		EXAMINER	
MORGAN & FINNEGAN, L.L.P. 3 WORLD FINANCIAL CENTER NEW YORK, NY 10281-2101			GIBBS, HEATHER D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2627	

DATE MAILED: 01/03/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/021,524	ITO, AKIO				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Heather D. Gibbs	2627				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim iill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	I. the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Se	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1,2,4,5,11,12 and 14-23 is/are pendin 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,2,4,5,11,12 and 14-23 is/are rejecte 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration. d.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 26 September 2005 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		,				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	(PTO-413) ate Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. The amendment filed on 09/26/05 has been entered and made of record. Claims 1-2,4-5,11-12,14-23 are pending.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-2,4-5,11-12, 14-23 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection in lieu of applicant's amendments.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-2,4,11-12,14,16-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ohashi (US 6,750,990) in view of Imaizumi et al (US 6,792,161).

For claim 1, which is representative of claim 11, Ohashi discloses an original convey unit 71 adapted to move an original in a sub-scanning direction; an image reading unit 74 adapted to read the original while moving the original by using said original convey unit; an abnormality detection unit 75 adapted to detect an abnormality

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on a reading position of said image reading unit before said image reading unit reads the original (Fig 7; 9:13-31).

Ohashi does not disclose expressly a control unit adapted to limit an original size in a main-scanning direction which is permitted to be read by said image reading unit in accordance with the position of the abnormality detected by said abnormality detection unit.

Imaizumi discloses a control unit adapted to limit an original size in a main-scanning direction which is permitted to be read by said image reading unit in accordance with the position of the abnormality detected by said abnormality detection unit (4:43-52; 6:40-47).

Ohashi & Imaizumi are combinable because they are from the same field of endeavor.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine Imaizumi with Ohashi.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to detect problems in image shading, as taught by Imaizumi.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Imaizumi with Ohashi to obtain the invention as specified in claim 1.

For claim 2, which is representative of claims 12, Ohashi teaches wherein said abnormality detection unit detects continuity and a position of image data read by said image reading unit to detect the data as an abnormality (9:43-46,57-67; 14:6-29).

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Regarding claim 4, which is representative of claim 14, Ohashi teaches wherein said abnormality detection unit detects continuity, a position, and a width of the image data to detect the data as an abnormality (8:16-45; Fig 4).

Regarding claim 16, Ohashi teaches a computer to execute the image reading method as defined in claim 11 (Col 15 Lines 5-14).

Considering claim 17, Ohashi teaches a storage medium characterized by storing the program defined in claim 16 as a computer-readable program (Col 15 Lines 1 5-36).

5. Claims 5,15,18-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ohashi '990 in view of Imaizumi '161 and further in view of Nguyen (US 6,336,082).

For claim 5, which is representative of claim 15, Ohashi and Imaizumi disclose an image reading apparatus comprising: an original convey unit 71 adapted to move an original; an image reading unit 74 adapted to read the original while moving the original by using said original convey unit and output image reading data; an abnormality detection unit 75 adapted to detect to detect an abnormality on a reading position of said image reading unit before said image reading units reads the original (4:43-52; 6:40-47).

Ohashi does not disclose expressly a control unit adapted to limit a resolution of the image reading data in accordance with the size of the abnormality detected by said abnormality detection unit.

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Nguyen discloses a control unit adapted to limit a resolution of the image reading data in accordance with the size of the abnormality detected by said abnormality detection unit (4:9-23).

Ohashi, Imaizumi & Nguyen are combinable because they are from the same field of endeavor.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine Ohashi, Imaizumi, and Nguyen.

The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to compensate for pixels representing overlapping features, as taught by Nguyen.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Nguyen with Ohashi and

Imaizumi to obtain the invention as specified in claim 5.

Regarding claim 18, which is representative of claim 20, Ohashi teaches wherein said abnormality detection unit detects continuity and a position of image data read by said image reading unit to detect the data as an abnormality (9:43-46,57-67; 14:6-29).

Considering claim 19, which is representative of claim 21, Ohashi teaches wherein said abnormality detection unit detects continuity, a position, and a width of the image data to detect the data as an abnormality (8:16-45; Fig 4).

Considering claim 22, Ohashi teaches a program characterized by causing a computer to execute the image reading method defined in claim 15 (Fig 2).

Regarding claim 23, Ohashi discloses a storage medium characterized by storing the program defined in claim 22 as a computer-readable program (Fig 9).

Conclusion

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Heather D. Gibbs whose telephone number is 571-272-7404. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Thu 8AM-7PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward L. Coles can be reached on 571-272-7402. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Heather D Gibbs Examiner

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hdg